

The Role Of Financial Reporting In Companies

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Abstract

This study looks at how firms disclose their finances. Management may monitor a company's growth by participating in recording, accounting, and reporting. Thus, financial reporting based on a decision-making approach is an excellent instrument for measuring and monitoring a company's financial performance over time. Studying finance and other economic theories is vital for gaining a rapid comprehension of this concept. Accounting professionals must understand what "usability" is and how to enhance the usability of financial statements. Additionally, a clear explanation is essential. Decision-making and investment theory helps us comprehend the fundamentals of financial reporting information.

Keywords: Decision Usefulness Approach, Financial Reporting, Company

Introduction

The business sector in Indonesia is rapidly developing, as shown by a rising number of entrepreneurs and new enterprises forming in the Indonesian economy. Running a firm ensures that there are a number of aims that both management and the owner desire to achieve. Because every owner wants their money back, they contribute capital as a fresh investment in the company's success, which benefits both the owner and all workers. (Agustina, 2022).

According to Agustina (2021), "there are additional goals that may be assessed for organizations to gain profits via the preparation of different economic assessments. That would be the company's primary emphasis in attaining the profit goal or even identifying other circumstances such as over-target or target not met. The firm that operates such a business gains or provides advantages not just to the owners, management, or workers, but also to the general public, who may sense the company's commitment to the environment by creating new employment. The government also benefits from the benefits since they might decrease unemployment and give chances for those in need of work. A business owner or company owner must be able to manage the incoming and outgoing money of the firm's numerous activities throughout a particular time period. "The usefulness of decisions in financial reporting is an approach to the preparation of financial accounting information that emphasizes the theory of investor decision-making in order to conclude the nature and type of information that investors need" (Agustina, 2022, p. 1). "This strategy is often used to suit the demands of important information consumers of financial reports from reporting institutions, such as investors and editors. Other stakeholders in a company's financial and non-financial operations are seldom addressed when addressing particular information demands via the revision of financial statements for a specified purpose." The decision-making method presents differing views on the purpose of financial reporting in comparison to other viewpoints, where its goal is to report management's success or failure in controlling company resources. It focuses on the past rather than assisting investors in forecasting the company's future success. Manager, of course, have a more forward-thinking performance drive, with an awareness of history and performance when assessed.

Some of the questions that must be addressed in this article include:

1) Who uses the financial statements? This issue is not without merit, since many parties utilize financial statements and want clarity on their usage. It is easier to grasp accounting elements when users are classified into distinct categories, such as investors, shareholders and creditors, managers, trade unions, standard-makers, and governments.

Decision Usage Approach

The usage of accounting information entails many components that must be examined by the submitting party in order for the breadth of the information to suit the demands of the decision makers who will be using it. When presenting accounting information, it is vital to address the demands of financial statement users. Staubus (1954) defines the decision usefulness theory as "based on the

problem that arises with regard to the concept of historical cost-based accounting that this concept is irrelevant to the assessment of accounting at market prices or the approach of current value to fair prices." Scott (2003) defines "the approach of decision utility" as "an approach to financial statements based on historical costs in order to be more useful." According to Chambers (1989) in Belkoui (2001:14), "revealing the effectiveness of decisions is as follows: As a result, the logical consequence of the premise of rational management is the existence of a system that displays information, such as the system required for decision-making or for recovering the repercussions of actions. A system that displays information formally will adapt to two common characteristics. The primary criterion of any scientific discourse is the system's logical consistency; no rule or method can contrary to any other regulation or procedure.

"In accounting theory, the usefulness approach to decision-making has the view that if it is not possible to prepare the correct financial statements theoretically, then at least one can try to create a more useful financial report." (Scott, 2015 According to Jabbar (2017), the utility of the decision should be used to assess the quality of the accounting standard. This indicates that the standard should be developed by first gathering information from future report consumers, such as auditors, before writing the report."

No financial statement is flawless, but an accountant works hard to create financial statements that benefit the person that utilizes them. In such an attempt, an accountant must appreciate the user's perspective and understand decision-making concerns as well as the demand for information. Investors, businesses, governments, creditors, and other entities are examples of such users. For example, investors require such information to decide whether or not to invest in a firm.

Financial Reporting

"Financial reporting is the process of disseminating financial data that is valuable in making investment, lending, and other company choices. Financial reporting is presented in one of two ways: 1) decision-making against users who need the information included in the financial statements for a specific choice; 2) against the decision model used to make such a decision, which deals with input-related information." (Soyinka et al. 2017).

According to Agustina (2020), financial reporting is the most significant technique for corporate managers to keep themselves accountable to owners or other shareholders. As a result, financial reporting should include explicit terms and conditions depending on the resources bought and used. Meiyenti (2022) defines financial reporting as "the process by which organizations interact with or communicate financial information to users." Financial reporting is the most significant resource that managers need to utilize such information to make decisions while also providing higher-quality information to financial users such as shareholders with limited resources."

Financial reporting should include information on how management fulfilled their responsibility for providing services to owners in an ethical manner. Financial reporting should give information that allows investors and creditors to forecast the future and assess the company's present performance in order to make future decisions. Financial reports must include information about a company's performance over a certain time period; investors and creditors sometimes utilize historical data to estimate a company's future.

Methods

According to Kushendar et al., (2022), "Library Scholar is the process of gathering information or data from books, research materials, seminars, journals/articles that are relevant and related to the topic or topic studied in this research." The exploratory nature of this library's research allows it to be applied inductively. (Sugiyono et al.,2022).

According to Kushendar (2022), "the purpose of this library study research is to identify all empirical data that corresponds to the predefined inclusion criteria to answer the research questions." A library study may be described as an effective method of synthesizing research information in order to demonstrate a greater degree of comprehension." Literature reviews may also be used to identify gaps in issues that demand more inquiry. According to (Kushendar, 2021), the component is vital for developing the theoretical framework and conceptual models. According to Agustina et al., (2022), "the

study of literature can help to clarify the state of the field of research, determine a constant effect throughout the research, and make recommendations about what studies should be conducted in the future." This approach may be used to determine the degree of research or the features of the sample that influences the phenomena being monitored, such as whether studies done in a cultural conflict provide findings that vary considerably from studies conducted in the context of other cultures."

Results and Discussion

According to this explanation, the Financial Accounting Standard (2022) states that "although financial reporting has a broad target, in essence the orientation lies with investors and creditors, on the assumption that satisfying their needs means meeting the needs of all other users. Investors in the fundamental framework of the creation and evaluation of financial reports concerning default and information requirements may be characterized as venture capital investments with an inherent risk as well as the result of the investment's growth."

The SFAC statement defined the accounting profession's duty as "presenting financial reports that are useful to users in making business decisions." The SFAC then explains a choice with an emphasis on making investment decisions for rational persons. (Augustina, 2021). As a result, assessing the value of accounting information becomes a crucial task. The Decision's Usefulness The approach used in the creation of financial statements reflects historical accounting information with the goal of benefiting the firm. Thus, the accountant is responsible for adjusting the accounting information given in financial statements to meet the demands of the users in order to achieve superior decision-making outcomes. This will improve the usefulness of the financial report. (Scott, 2009. According to Agustina (2022), the goal of financial reporting is "to provide information concerning the financial position, performance, and changes in a company's financial position that is useful to users in economic decision-making." Nonetheless, financial reports may not convey all of the information that consumers may want when making economic choices since they mostly discuss historical financial and citizenship factors. Thus, in order to make an economic choice, readers of financial reports need an assessment or analysis based on the accounting information provided in the financial report." (Meyenti, 2018). The issue stems from the fact that financial statements should give valuable information to investors and other users, thus the financial report should examine the degree of relevance and dependability of the information presented therein. When both of these criteria are employed at the same time, a trade-off will occur. However, providing historical cost-based financial statements has no forecasting capability, implying that it is significant to the company's ability to capitalize on opportunities while also acting in bad scenarios." (Scott, 2009. "One of the ideas covered in accounting science is decision utility, which investigates the idea of usefulness in decision-making. The Decision Usefulness Approach may be used to improve the usefulness of accounting information in historical cost-based financial statements. (usefull). The accountant's role as an accounting information provider cannot make the accounting report more helpful unless it is determined what is genuinely beneficial to the information supplied to its consumers. The high quality of the material in the financial statements allows the user to grasp it right away." (Augustina, 2021).

Faced with the difficulty of generating theoretically ideal financial accounts, accountants are increasingly taking a more pragmatic approach to the utility of financial reporting choices. They made strategic judgments by making investors the core user group. In this transition, accountants look to numerous economic and financial theories, decision-making, and investment theory to understand the type of financial information that investors want.

Conclusion

The Decision Efficiency Approach can be used to generate relevant and reliable accounting information. This approach refers to historical financial statements to enhance their usefulness. Accounting information in financial reports becomes useful when emphasized on qualitative features, such as relevance and reliability.

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